Hip Arthroscopy Post-Surgical Instructions

Pain Medications:

- 1. Take with food and water.
- 2. Prevent nausea/vomiting start with light food/water.
- 3. Nerve blocks if you received a nerve block, start your pain medications BEFORE the nerve block wears off.
- 4. Anti-inflammatories (NSAIDS) (if not allergic):
 - a. Ibuprofen: take 1 tablet (800mg) every 8 hours as needed for 7-14 days.
 - b. If allergic to NSAIDS discuss with Dr. Hommen.
- Pain medications:
 - a. Percocet (Oxycodone/Acetaminophen), Norco or Vicodin (Hydrocodone/Acetaminophen), Ultram (Tramadol): take one or two tablets every 4-6 hours as needed for pain.
 - b. If allergic to the above discuss with Dr. Hommen.
 - c. Florida State laws limit the number of narcotic pills you will be given.
 - d. Section 893.055(3)(a), Florida Statutes mandates that Dr. Hommen reviews and reports your controlled substance prescription to E-Forcse Florida Prescription Drug Monitoring Program.
 - e. Possible side effects of narcotics: addiction, constipation, nausea, over-dose, disorientation, hallucination, liver and other organ problems.
 - f. Try to discontinue narcotic medications (Percocet, Norco, Tramadol) as soon as possible.
 - g. Therapy sessions if you are having pain with therapy, coordinate your medications prior to the session.
 - h. Many patients after 24-48 hours from surgery are able to control all pain with a combination of 1) Tylenol extra strength (use as directed on bottle) AND/OR 2) over-the-counter Aleve or Advil (use as directed on the bottle).
 - . Pain management a) if you are taking narcotics prior to surgery, b) under the care of a pain management specialist or other doctors for pain medications Dr. Hommen will need to coordinate your pain medications with your other providers.
- Note should you experience stomach problems or if your body is not tolerating any of the medications above, STOP the medications. You may discontinue the above medications as you see fit and refer to over-thecounter medications like "Advil", "Aleve", or "Tylenol".

Aspirin and Blood Clot & Heterotopic Bone Formation Prevention:

- 1. You are recommended to start Aspirin 325mg (enteric coated) tonight (same day as surgery).
- 2. Days 1-14 after surgery Take one tablet in morning and one tablet at night.
- 3. Days 15-28 after surgery take one tablet at night.
- 4. Do not take if allergic to aspirin (acetylsalicylic acid) or anti-inflammatories.
- 5. If you have a history of blood clots or have a significant risk factor for blood clots, you may be prescribed a stronger blood thinner after surgery.
- Calf squeezes. You may do calf squeezes by bending your ankle up and down 5 sessions per day. Do 20 squeezes per sessions. Purpose: to avoid stiffness, swelling and blood clots in the lower extremity.

Activity and Wound Care:

- 1. Rest of day of surgery through 72 hours after surgery.
- 2. Ice gel packs Use for first 72 hours for maximum benefit. Remove gel pack from the surgical site every 20-30 minutes per hour to allow skin to warm to avoid ice burn to the skin.
- 3. Bandages:

- a. Keep your incision sites and sutures clean and dry.
- b. Remove outer bulky dressing and gauze 72 hours after surgery.
- c. Leave steri-strips (butterfly stitches) in place to be removed by Dr. Hommen's office.
- d. Open to air if your incisions are clean, dry and intact without drainage, then you may leave the incisions with steri-strips in place open to air throughout the day and night.
- e. Shower after having removed the dressings, you may shower 72 hours after surgery. Do not scrub the incision sites. Allow shampoo to run over incision. After shower, towel dry the incisions. Leave the steri-strips in place. No need to apply further dressings or band-aids.
- If incision sites are moist, draining, red, or painful, do not wet the incision sites and contact Dr. Hommen's office.
- g. Pool/Bath do not submerge your incisions in pool or bath until Dr. Hommen clears you to do so.
- h. Your incisions may have Dermabond (similar to Krazy-Glue). Allow the sutures underneath to absorb on their own.
- i. Your incisions may have sutures that need to be removed 10-14 days after surgery in Dr. Hommen's office.

Hip Immobilizer Brace Use:

- 1. Length of use depends on the procedure you had done.
 - a. Labrum repair, impingement resection (usually 3 weeks).
 - b. Hamstring repair (usually 6 weeks).
 - c. Gluteus tendon repair (usually 4-6 weeks).d. Debridement alone (1-2 weeks).

 - e. You will be notified how long to wear your brace after your specific surgical procedure
- 2. When your brace is off:
 - a. Avoid weight bearing, twisting, turning on the foot.
 - b. Avoid bending hip past 80 degrees of flexion or rotating the foot externally
- 3. Four General Rules of removing brace during first 3 weeks:
 - a. Do NOT remove for sleep.
 - b. If permission given, you may remove when at relaxing at home (seated, watching TV).
 - c. May remove for showers.
 - d. Do NOT remove when outside of house.
- 4. Crutches (or walker) and limited weight bearing:
 - a. Use 2 crutches at all times while walking for proper balance.
 - b. Labrum repair/reconstruction and/or impingement resection (usually 4 weeks).
 - c. Hamstring or gluteus tendon repair (usually 6 weeks).
 - d. Debridement only (usually7-10 days).
 - e. You will be notified how long to use crutches (or walker) and your weight bearing status after your specific surgical procedure.

Physical Therapy:

- 1. In your discharge papers, you will be given a prescription for physical therapy.
- 2. If there is no PT prescription, in your folder, then you will be given one at your first postop appointment.
- 3. Contact our office to locate physical therapy facilities around the area of your choice.
- 4. It will be beneficial to start therapy 48-72 hours after surgery.

Return to Work or School:

- 1. You may return to work (sedentary) or school 2-3 days after surgery if pain is tolerable.
- 2. Returning to heavy labor will be determined by Dr. Hommen.

Normal Sensations and Findings after Surgery:

- 1. Nerve block will stay in effect 8-24 hours from the time of surgery. This may cause numbness and inability to use the extremity including the hip, knee, foot and ankle until the block wears off. Avoid standing on the lower extremity while nerve block in place to prevent falls.
- 2. An increase or surge in the amount of pain after the block wears off. See Pain Medications instructions above.
- 3. Persistent numbness at foot and ankle usually resolves 2-3 days after surgery.
- 4. Persistent numbness at the thigh usually resolved in 2-3 weeks after surgery.
- 5. Hip, thigh, knee, calf pain for several weeks.
- 6. Hip pain that increases around 3-4 weeks after surgery.
- 7. Ankle and foot swelling and warmth up to 6-12 weeks.
- 8. Small amount of bloody drainage first 3-4 days.
- 9. Low grade temperature under 101.5 degrees. If this occurs, a) drink plenty of fluids, b) cough, c) take 10 deep, slow breaths and hold for a second and cough forcefully afterwards.
- 10. Redness at incision sites for several days.

NOTIFY OFFICE IMMEDIATELY IF ANY OF THE FOLLOWING SIGNS OR SYMPTOMS OCCUR:

- 1. Change in incision (increased redness, drainage, incision opens up, suture comes out, foul smell, yellow discharge).
- 2. Sharp or increasing pains at knee, calf, thigh, ankle, foot.
- 3. Temperature over 101.5 degrees.
- 4. Fevers, chills, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea.
- 5. Pain not relieved by pain medications.

Post-Surgical Appointments:

Please call the office to schedule if you do not already have your first appointment.